

126.(5) ml. eq. $K_2Cr_2O_7$ = ml. eq. of H_2O_2

$$80 \times \frac{1}{24} \times 6 = \frac{V}{5.6} \times 22.4 \Rightarrow V = 5$$

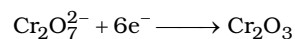
127.(6) $Fe_2(C_2O_4)_3 + KMnO_4 \longrightarrow CO_2 + Fe^{3+} + Mn^{2+}$

$$\text{Moles of } MnO_4^- \times 5 = \text{moles of } Fe_2(C_2O_4)_3 \times 6$$

$$\text{Moles} \times 5 = 5 \times 6$$

$$\text{Moles of } MnO_4^- = 6$$

128.(6) $2NH_4^+ \longrightarrow N_2 + 6e^-$



129.(0.56) $S_2O_3^{2-} + I_2 \longrightarrow S_4O_6^{2-} + 2I^-$

$$\text{meq of } I_2 = \text{meq of } S_2O_3^{2-}$$

$$1000 \times \frac{w}{254} \times 2 = 0.11 \times 40 \times 1 \Rightarrow w = 0.56 \text{ g}$$

130.(23.8) meq of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ = meq of H_2S

$$2 \times V = \frac{0.81}{34} \times 2 \times 1000$$

$$V = 238 \text{ mL}$$

131.(3.54) meq of Cl_2 = meq $KMnO_4$

$$\frac{w}{71} \times 2 \times 1000 = \frac{10}{158} \times 1000 \times 5$$

$$w = 11.23 \text{ g} \quad V_{Cl_2} = \frac{22.4 \times 11.23}{71} = 3.54 \text{ l}$$

132.(5) meq of $KMnO_4$ = meq of salt

$$x \times 4 = 4 \times 5 \Rightarrow x = 5$$

133.(85%) meq of H_2O_2 = meq of $KMnO_4$

$$\frac{w}{34} \times 2 \times 1000 = 1 \times 10$$

$$w = 0.17 \text{ g}$$

$$\% \text{ purity} = \frac{0.17}{0.2} \times 100 = 85\%$$

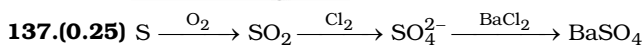
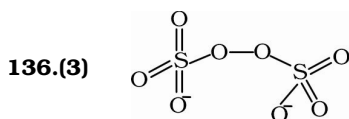
134.(3.55) meq of bleaching powder = meq of Cl_2 = meq of hypo

$$\frac{w}{35.5} \times 1000 = 50 \times \frac{1}{10}$$

$$w_{Cl_2} = 0.1775 \text{ g}$$

$$\% Cl_2 = \frac{0.1775}{5} \times 100 = 3.55\%$$

135.(3) Calculate ox. No. by taking NO^+ in $NOCl$

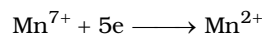
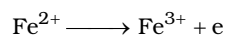


1 mole of S will give 1 mole of $BaSO_4$

$$\therefore \frac{8}{32} = \frac{1}{4} \text{ mole of S will give } \frac{1}{4} \text{ mole of } BaSO_4$$

138.(88.96%)

The redox changes are



$$\therefore \text{meq of } FeSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O \text{ in 25 mL sample} = \text{meq of } KMnO_4 = 20 \times \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)$$

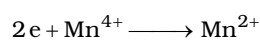
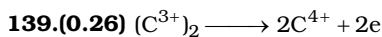
$$\therefore \text{meq of } FeSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O \text{ in 1 litre sample} = \left(\frac{20}{10}\right) \times \left(\frac{1000}{25}\right) = 80$$

$$\left(\frac{w}{E}\right) \times 1000 = 80$$

$$\text{Or } \left[\frac{w}{(278/1)}\right] \times 1000 = 80 \text{ or } w = 22.24 \text{ g}$$

$$\therefore \text{Molar mass of } FeSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O = 278 \quad \therefore E = \frac{278}{1}$$

$$\therefore \% \text{ purity of } FeSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O \text{ sample} = \frac{22.24 \times 100}{25} = 88.96\%$$

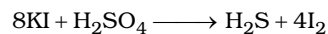
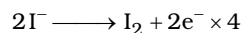
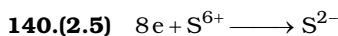


$$\left[E_{MnO_4} = \frac{M}{2} \right]$$

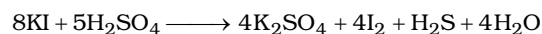
meq of MnO_2 = meq of $H_2C_2O_4$

$$\frac{w}{E_{MnO_2}} \times 1000 = 30 \times 0.1 \times 2 = 6$$

$$w_{MnO_2} = \frac{87 \times 6}{2 \times 1000} = 0.261 \text{ g}$$



Balancing other atom



5 mole of H_2SO_4 = 8 mole KI = 8×1 eq. KI

$$1 \text{ mole of } H_2SO_4 = \frac{8}{5} \text{ eq. of KI} = \frac{8}{5} \text{ eq. of } H_2SO_4$$

$$\therefore \text{valence factor for H}_2\text{SO}_4 = \frac{8}{5}$$

$$\text{meq. of H}_2\text{SO}_4 = \text{meq of H}_2\text{S}$$

$$0.2 \times \frac{8}{5} \times V = \frac{3.4}{34/8} \quad (\text{n factor for H}_2\text{S is 8})$$

$$V = \frac{3.4 \times 8 \times 5}{34 \times 8 \times 0.2} = 2.5 \text{ litre}$$